

Webinar Series



Health Literacy
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2SLGBTQIA+ Terminology

Current definitions and preferred terms

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About the Speaker

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Alaina has a Masters in Health Informatics from University of Toronto. They have been working in Patient Education at University Health Network for 14 years, with a special interest in equity issues. She is currently a co-chair of UHN's 2SLGBTQIA+ Committee.



Overview

- Explain the difference between sex, gender and orientation
- Better understand the relationship between gender, sex and pronouns
- Use the current preferred terms used by 2SLGBTQIA+ communities



Framing

My bias:

- Based on my knowledge and experience
- Based on white, Western culture
- Any errors are my own

Caution:

- “Text book” definitions may differ from personal experience & identity
- Using generalizations for simplicity
- Language and preferred terms change often



Unsafe versus Discomfort

Unsafe	Discomfort
Threat of harm, pain, loss	Nervous, anxious, awkward
Threat to your survival	Challenge to your beliefs, opinions

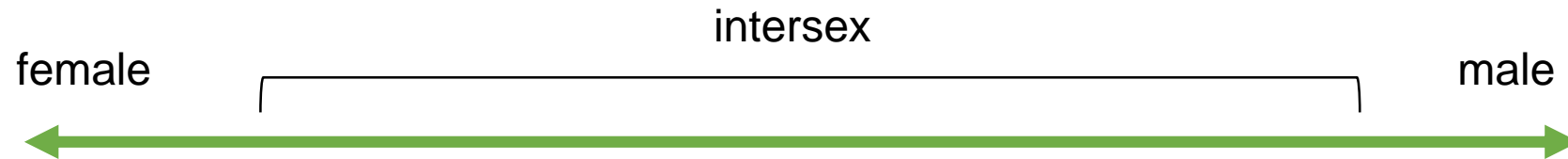


General Concepts



What is “sex”?

- A spectrum:



- “Sex assigned at birth”
 - external physiology
 - “female/AFAB” or “male/AMAB” (or “intersex”)
- “Legal sex”
 - government documents (license, passport, etc.)
 - may not indicate anatomy or physiology



What is “gender”?

Gender identity

- internal sense of self
- may fluctuate
 - different contexts
 - over time
- not:
 - how others perceive you
 - related to pronouns
 - a binary

Gender expression

- how you express gender:
 - chosen name
 - pronouns
 - clothes you wear
 - hairstyle
 - voice



Sex versus Gender

Sex	Gender
physical <ul style="list-style-type: none">• chromosomes• hormones• organs & genitals	social & cultural <ul style="list-style-type: none">• roles• social norms• behaviours
the body parts you have	your sense of yourself



1-minute Reflection:

Without referring to anatomy or biology, what does it mean **to you** to be your gender?



“Pronouns”

- how you want other people to refer to you
- many options: “she”, “he”, “they”, “ze”, “xe”, “sie”, “it”, etc.
- not necessarily an indicator of gender identity
- can change by day or by context



“Transition”

- changes meant to affirm gender identity
- **Social:** name, clothing, pronouns
- **Legal:** government documents
- **Medical:** gender-affirming care



“Gender-affirming care”

Cosmetic:

- hair transplants or laser removal
- breast augmentation or gynecomastia surgery

Medical:

- hormone replacement therapies
- genital reconstruction



1-minute Reflection:

Imagine society and the people around you insisted you were a different gender. What would that feel like?



Orientation

- the genders you are attracted to
 - romantic
 - sexual
- not sexual behaviours



Terms & Definitions



2SLGBTQIA+

“*We use the umbrella term "2SLGBTQIA+" to reference any and all gender-, sex- and orientation-based identities. Each letter represents a different identity in our community.*

*We know the acronym is a mouthful! But in a world where our identities are being increasingly censored or hidden away, we feel it is important to acknowledge and include the names of identities within our community rather than using more general terms like “sexual and gender minorities” or “sexual and gender diversity”. It is important to **"say gay"**!*”



2SLGBTQIA+

- **2S** for Two-Spirit
- **L**esbian
- **G**ay
- **Bi**+
- **T**rans
- **Q**ueer, **Q**uestioning
- **I**ntersex
- **A**sexual, **A**romantic
- **+** to acknowledge those who use different terms



Definition of Two-Spirit



Speaker: Anikay-Keesic

- Government name: EJ Kwandibens
- Member of the Loon Clan
- Northern Woodland Anishiinaabe of the Waahbiidaahgaah (Whitesand) First Nation
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E3uWQXhmJd0> (~17:00 min mark)



Common Prefixes	Meaning
a-	“without”
gray-	“usually without”
demi-	“depends on the situation”
bi-	two* (“same” and “another”)
pan-	“all” or “not limited by”
poly-	“multiple”
omni-	“all”
cis-	same side
trans-	other side
homo-	“same”
hetero-	“another”



	Within the gender binary	May be outside the gender binary
cisgender	woman man	
transgender	woman man	nonbinary genderqueer gender fluid agender bigender graygender pangender

Note: Gender identities can be combined



	Sexual Attraction	Romantic Attraction
1 gender		straight gay / mlm lesbian / wlw
more than 1 gender	bisexual pansexual omnisexual polysexual	biromantic panromantic omniromantic polyromantic
no genders	asexual graysexual demisexual*	aromantic grayromantic demiromantic*



Terms to avoid	Why avoid it	Use instead
“heterosexual” “homosexual”*	Puts emphasis on sex acts	“straight” “gay” or “lesbian”
“transsexual”*	Not all trans people have medically or physically transitioned	“trans” or “transgender”
“FTM” (female-to-male) “MTF” (male-to-female)	Loaded with assumptions about identity and transition	“trans man” “trans woman”
“preferred pronouns”	Someone’s pronouns are not a preference	“pronouns”
“hermaphrodite”*	Implies a person is both fully female and male	“intersex”

*Often considered slurs



Being a better ally



UHN Gender Identity Policy

- Ask patients to self-identify their sex, gender and orientation, and only when the info is required.
- Always use a person's chosen name, gender and pronouns.
- Provide services that align with the person's gender identity.
- Keep a person's gender, sex, sex assigned at birth, sex characteristics, sexual orientation and medical history private.



Abuse in care:

- Repeatedly or purposely using the wrong name, gender or pronouns
- Providing less or a lower quality of care
- Making unwelcome, humiliating, offensive, threatening or degrading comments
- Unnecessarily causing bodily harm, injury or discomfort



Make “ally” a verb

- Read relevant workplace policies, or advocate for their creation
- Avoid gendered terms in health information
- Wear a rainbow lanyard and hang the Pride flag all year round
- Wear a pronoun pin and practice offering yours
- If you witness homophobia, transphobia, intersexphobia or biphobia, send a clear ‘stop’ message immediately



How to support 2SLGBTQIA+ people

- Learn from 2SLGBTQIA+ people about their experiences
 - Read blogs, listen to podcasts, follow on social media
- Affirm the experiences of trans people when they share transphobia they've experienced
- Practice using the correct pronouns to refer to people
- If you use the wrong name, gender or pronouns: Offer a brief apology, correct yourself and continue.
- Reflect on the area you work in
 - What would it look like if your area was *truly* inclusive of trans, intersex and queer people?
 - What would it take to make that vision happen?



What questions do you have?

Please type your questions in the Q&A box.



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